

Follow MODAL ANALYSIS procedure used in class for solving the following problem:

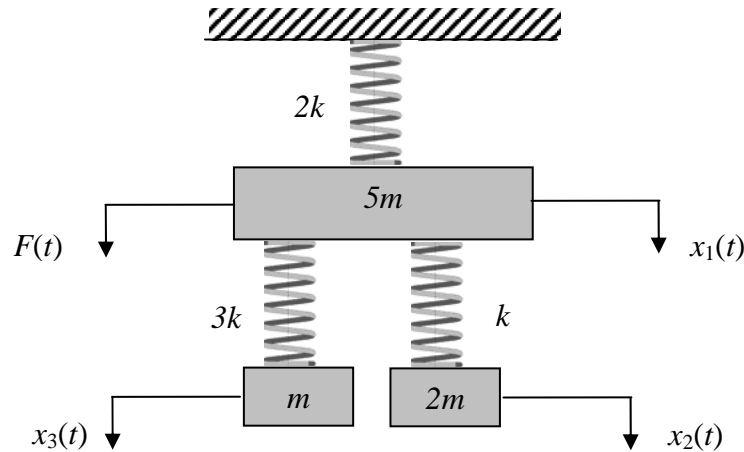


Figure (1)

Part A:

In the vibratory system shown in the figure above, a harmonic force:

$F(t) = F_0 \cos(\omega t)$  is applied to the top mass where  $m = 2$  kg,  $k = 1200$  N/m,  $F_0 = 10$  N,  $\omega = 15$  rad/sec.

- Obtain equations of motion.
- Determine the natural frequencies. Check your answers using MA TLAB.
- Determine the mode shapes (or modal vectors). Check your answers using MATLAB.
- Normalize the mode shapes with respect to the mass matrix and obtain the orthonormal modal vectors.
- Use the orthonormal modes to formulate the orthonormal modal matrix  $\tilde{P}$ .
- Use the orthonormal modal matrix  $\tilde{P}$  to decouple the equation of motion and obtain the steady state responses for  $x_1(t)$ ,  $x_2(t)$ ,  $x_3(t)$ . Check all the matrix multiplications using MATLAB.

Part B:

Repeat step (f) above for predicting response when the system is subjected to the following initial Conditions when  $F(t) = 0$  (ie free vibration).  $x_1(0) = 0.01$  m;  $x_2(0) = 0$ ;  $x_3(0) = 0$  ;

Assume a modal damping ratio  $\zeta$  of 2% for all modes. (ie. you can incorporate this damping in your final step when dealing with the uncoupled equations)

Hint: use the orthonormal matrix to convert the given initial conditions to appropriate initial conditions in the normal co-ordinates